

**TO EACH MEMBER OF THE
OVERVIEW AND SCRUTINY COMMITTEE**

08 July 2021

Dear Councillor

OVERVIEW AND SCRUTINY COMMITTEE- TUESDAY 13 JULY 2021

Further to the Agenda and papers for the above meeting, previously circulated, please find attached the following amended report and appendices. The amendments have been made at Paragraphs No. 2.2, 2.3, 2.8, 2.12, 3.2 and 3.8 of the report and at Appendix A – amendments to business rates reliefs and Appendix B – 2 reserve amendments.

Agenda Item	Description
10.	Financial Outturn Report 2020/21 To consider the General Fund outturn for 2020/21, the reserves position as at 31 March 2021, the financing of the capital programme and the annual treasury management report and performance.

Should you have any queries regarding the above please contact Democratic Services on
Tel: 01684 272021

Yours sincerely

Head of Democratic Services



TEWKESBURY BOROUGH COUNCIL

Report to:	Overview & Scrutiny Committee
Date of Meeting:	13 July 2021
Subject:	Financial Outturn Report 2020/21
Report of:	Head of Finance and Asset Management
Corporate Lead:	Head of Finance and Asset Management
Lead Member:	Lead Member for Finance and Asset Management
Number of Appendices:	Four

Executive Summary:

The report highlights the Council's financial performance for the previous year, setting out the General Fund and capital outturn positions. To support this, a detailed statement on both positive and negative variances against budget is included.

The formation of the Council's reserves as at year end is also included within the report, as is the performance of the Treasury Management function as required by the Council's Treasury Management Policy.

The report outlines a significant revenue surplus of over £13m and details the reasons for this position. It should be noted that, whilst this is very satisfying outturn position and provides a welcome boost to reserves, it does not resolve any of the difficulties with the ongoing position of the Council's budget. There still remains a lack of clarity around government funding plans and the financial challenge of balancing an ongoing budget, in light of further potential reductions, remains in place and will be demanding.

Recommendation:

To CONSIDER the General Fund outturn for 2020/21, the reserves position as at 31 March 2021, the financing of the capital programme and the annual treasury management report and performance.

Reasons for Recommendation:

In line with the requirement to provide Members with regular information on the Council's finances and financial performance, a report on progress against budget is produced on a quarterly basis. This report on the outturn position for the Council offers more detail on the final financial position and compliments the existing reporting framework.

Given the extended timetable for the closure of accounts as a result of additional complexities added to the process, it was not possible to present the financial information with the performance report for quarter four. This standalone report covers the requirement for financial information to be presented to Overview and Scrutiny Committee.

Resource Implications:

As detailed within the report.

Legal Implications:

Nothing specific arising from the report recommendations.

Risk Management Implications:

A number of reserves have been set aside to deal directly with specific service risk or general financial risk to the Council.

Performance Management Follow-up:

The performance of services against their set budget is monitored on an ongoing basis. In addition, performance is reported to Members on a quarterly basis.

Environmental Implications:

The creation of a new reserve to support the carbon reduction programme is contained within the reserves proposal.

1.0 INTRODUCTION/BACKGROUND

- 1.1 This report sets out the final outturn position for the 2020/21 financial year. The main purpose of this report is to provide Members with an overview of the performance against the General Fund revenue budget for 2020/21 and explain significant variances.
- 1.2 The report also addresses the movement on reserves. In addition to the revenue budget outturn, this report also seeks to confirm the full year progress against the capital programme and the sources of finance used in delivering that programme, and also to report the performance in 2020/21 of the treasury management function in line with the requirements of the code of practice.
- 1.3 All of the information within this report will be contained within the Council's Statement of Accounts which will be approved by the Audit and Governance Committee later in 2021 following the audit conducted by Grant Thornton.

2.0 GENERAL FUND REVENUE OUTTURN 2020/21

- 2.1 In March 2021, the quarter three outturn position was reported to Executive Committee. The report confirmed an estimated year end surplus of £818,822.
- 2.2 The final General Fund revenue outturn position for the full year can now be reported as a £13,170,081 surplus. This is heavily inflated by a number of factors including:
 - Business rates in year and past performance as well as government grant for reliefs.
 - COVID-19 general and specific grants.
 - Other, non COVID-19, related grants, including the drawn down of funding to cover Ashchurch Bridge expenditure.
 - COVID-19 related income loss compensation.
 - In-year service savings.
 - Budgeted transfer to reserves of £1.26m.

2.3 The table below summarises the service performance which has generated the reported surplus. In addition, the table highlights the non-service related activity and other aspects of the overall budget to provide a whole view of the Council's general fund. The table concludes with the budgeted transfer to reserves of £1.263m and the actual transfer totalling £14.433m. The budget was set without the one-off windfall from Business Rates and before the COVID-19 pandemic began, hence the major variations reported for 2020/21.

Table 1 – General Fund outturn summary

	Full Year Budget	Outturn Position	Savings/Deficit
	£	£	£
Employees	10,543,453.00	9,928,123.65	615,329.35
Premises	614,421.00	598,593.29	15,827.71
Transport	86,630.00	35,069.39	51,560.61
Supplies & Services	1,991,284.00	1,997,834.93	- 6,550.93
Payments to Third Parties	5,810,076.00	5,982,995.00	- 172,919.00
Transfer Payments - Benefits Service	- 69,796.00	- 98,046.60	28,250.60
COVID-19 Costs	-	1,069,443.00	- 1,069,443.00
Projects Funded Externally	61,591.00	- 910,634.38	972,225.38
Income	- 7,321,348.00	- 8,611,995.59	1,290,647.59
Services Total	11,716,311.00	9,991,382.69	1,724,928.31
Treasury activity	11,700.00	- 251.00	11,951.00
Commercial activity	- 2,713,904.00	- 2,870,978.00	157,074.00
New Homes Bonus	- 3,762,756.00	- 3,762,756.00	-
Business Rates Income Budget	- 2,585,070.00	- 3,372,918.00	787,848.00
Business Rates COVID-19 Reliefs	-	- 4,938,381.00	4,938,381.00
Business Rates 2019/20 Surplus	-	- 3,524,341.00	3,524,341.00
Council Tax	- 82,200.00	- 369,244.00	287,044.00
COVID-19 Grants	-	- 2,177,703.00	2,177,703.00
Other adjustments	- 3,847,266.00	- 3,408,077.00	- 439,189.00
Reserves	1,263,185.00	14,433,266.00	- 13,170,081.00

- 2.4** The outturn position for direct service expenditure and income shows a surplus of £1,724,928 and is mainly attributable to the major items outlined below:
- The employees' full year budget is underspent largely as a result of staff turnover and vacancies in a number of service groupings.
 - Transport is underspent due to staff working from home and being unable to attend meetings or training in person.
 - Payments to third parties is showing a significant overspend because several provisions were raised at year end for planning appeals lodged in the financial year. It is anticipated that these appeals will need specialist legal representation.
 - It should also be noted that within payments to third parties, the outturn position for the Ubico contract - budgeted at £4.058m - reported a surplus of £160,455.
 - Costs that were directly attributable to COVID-19 total £1,069,443. This includes:
 - A management fee of £442,000 paid to Places for People. This was to help with the unavoidable costs of closing during the pandemic.
 - Additional staff costs across various departments. Some full-time staff were redeployed fully to the COVID-19 response, for example, administering grant schemes. Therefore, agency staff were contracted to backfill the day jobs. More staff were also needed to cope with demand, such as additional cleaners and IT support.
 - £115,000 of additional Ubico costs due to additional staff, vehicles, PPE and cleaning products in order to be COVID-19 secure.
 - Projects funded externally contains the costs and income of the Joint Core Strategy (JCS), Community Infrastructure Levy (CIL) and Garden Town. The balances on these individual funds are moved to reserves at year end. The surplus seen is additional government funding received, particularly relating to the Garden Town.
 - Council income is showing additional income levels of £1.29m over the budgeted position. The majority of fees and charges budgets were under target due to the pandemic, with the exception of planning fees which had a surplus of £115,000. The large variance is therefore as a result of substantial external grant income being received during the year. The Council has received grants for a range of activities including homelessness prevention, carbon reduction and supporting the leisure centre. The Council also received a further £2.18m of grant funding for COVID-19 to relieve our spending pressures and compensate our losses. These have been included in the corporate codes and are detailed later in the report.
- 2.5** A full explanation of all variances exceeding £40,000 at a group subjective level is contained at Appendix A. The appendix also contains an explanation of the variance on the corporate codes with a more detailed explanation within Paragraphs 2.6 to 2.11.
- 2.6** The treasury outturn for 2020/21 is a small gain of £12,000. More detail on the performance of the treasury function is shown in Paragraph 5 of the report and Appendix D.
- 2.7** With regards to commercial activity, the Council acquired two new commercial investment properties in the year at a cost of £19.7m which has resulted in a surplus of gross rental generation against budget of £157,074. This completed the acquisition phase for the Council with the portfolio investment totalling £59.3m and producing a gross rental income of £3.4m; a yield of 5.78%.

- 2.8** The overall position on the retained business rates scheme shows a surplus of £9.1m for the full year. This surplus is constructed from several elements as follows:
- £4.9m of business rates relief funding was given to us by government in advance of the 100% relief given to businesses impacted by the pandemic. This is grant funding to cover the loss of income from businesses not being required to pay business rates. The loss of income manifests itself into a collection fund deficit at year end which is not realised until the following financial year. Therefore, we must hold the £5.19m in a reserve to fund the future deficit that will form part of outturn next year.
 - Similarly, the 2019/20 surplus of £3.5m on the business rates collection fund has been realised in the 2020/21 outturn. This derived from the release of provisions being held against the potential successful appeals by a number of businesses. This position was reported in the outturn report for 2019/20 and was earmarked to replenish the Medium Term Financial Strategy (MTFS) reserve after it was used to pay the levy due on the collection fund surplus.
 - The remaining surplus of £705k is a genuine gain on budget. This includes additional income from growth of new businesses within the borough and the Gloucestershire Business Rates Pool reported an estimated gain of £450,000.
- 2.9** The Council Tax surplus reported in the table above comprises two government grants. Firstly, the Council was awarded £532,000 in Council Tax Hardship. This is a central government scheme administered by local authorities where those residents who were most impacted by the pandemic could have additional relief on their Council Tax of £150. At year end the remaining balance was £123,000. The other grant received was specifically to compensate the Council for 75% of its losses in Council Tax as a result of the COVID-19 impact. The Council received £127,000 which will be transferred to reserves in order offset any future deficits linked to COVID-19. In addition to these grants, Tewkesbury Borough's share of the Council Tax Collection Fund surplus has been released.
- 2.10** As mentioned earlier, the Council received a general grant from central government to relieve expenditure pressures relating to COVID-19. This was given in four tranches throughout the year totalling £1.25m. These were not ringfenced for specific services, which is why they have been included in the corporate codes. The balance of the £2.178m received relates, in the main, to new burdens funding for administering the numerous grant schemes introduced by central government throughout the various stages of the pandemic. In addition, the Council claimed £450,000 of compensation from the government for losses incurred in its sales, fees and charges income streams as a result of the pandemic.
- 2.11** The final row in the table picks up all of the remaining items within the base budget to reconcile back to the budgeted transfer to reserves. This row mainly contains the precepts on the taxpayer for both the Borough Council and Parish Councils but also contains other items such as the Minimum Revenue Provision.
- 2.12** Overall, the Council is able to transfer to reserves a gross total of £14.4m.
- 2.13** The Council has gained significantly in 2020/21 despite the impact of coronavirus on its expenditure patterns as compensation and grant funding from the government and grant funding from other sources have met the majority of costs incurred. In addition, known impacts from the business rates retention scheme and the draw down of funding from the Ashchurch Bridge project have significantly boosted the Council's reserves.

2.14 This places the Council in a good position, with significant one-offs available to meet service requirements and mitigate risk in a number of areas; however, it must be stressed that this good financial outturn does not mean that our ongoing budget pressures have eased. There remains much uncertainty around government plans for funding and our MTFS still shows a substantial ongoing deficit over the next five years. The one-offs now available will help the Council to meet the financial challenge it will face but they do not resolve that challenge.

3.0 COUNCIL RESERVES

3.1 A breakdown of the reserves of the Council as at 31 March 2021 is shown at Appendix B. Also included is a breakdown of the previous year's reserves, under the same strategic headings, to inform Members about the movement on those reserves in the last two years.

3.2 Total revenue reserves of the Council stand at £31.61m as at the end of March 2021 and include earmarked reserves, planning obligations and the general fund working balance. The increase in overall revenue reserves totals £14.4m and is as a result of a number of factors:

- In-year surplus within the general fund of £3.9m, including external grant funding as highlighted in Paragraph 2 but excluding business rates.
- The movement back to reserves of £1.3m added to balance the 2020/21 budget, but unnecessary considering the many favourable variances on budget.
- The business rates surplus of £9.1m, in part for funding the 2021/22 Business Rates deficit totalling £4.9m – mentioned in Paragraph 2.8.

3.3 Members will recall from the previous outturn, the accounting treatment required for the surplus on the business rates collection fund where it was necessary to pay a levy to government before receiving the benefit of the surplus in the following year. As a result, the MTFS reserve of £1m and circa £260,000 of the vehicle replacement reserve were withdrawn to meet the levy cost in 2019/20. The surplus of £3.52m is now available to the Council and has been used to replenish those reserves and also fund the £500,000 in-year covid recovery reserve.

3.4 The remaining balance of the collection fund surplus has been set aside in the MTFS reserve which, together with an allocation of other surpluses, results in a reserve balance of £2.7m. This is a significant sum compared to previous years and leaves the Council well placed to meet the future financial challenges it will face as further government funding reforms loom.

3.5 Also contained within the reserves list are the balances of funding attracted for specific COVID-19 actions and recovery activities. Around £1.75m is held for this purpose and covers a range of activities including outbreak management, community grants and leisure support as well as our own service recovery.

3.6 The attraction of external grants was not limited solely to COVID-19 related activities and the reserves reflect further allocations for the Garden Town, housing, carbon reduction and a review of the Community Infrastructure Levy.

3.7 The surpluses generated within the general fund have allowed the Corporate Leadership Team to consider the best use of those one-off funds to support the Council. In making a recommendation for the allocation of surpluses, the Corporate Leadership Team has considered further COVID-19 recovery actions that may be necessary, immediate risks facing the Council, supporting service transformation and the funding of new priority areas. The surplus allocated by the Corporate Leadership Team is shown below and contained within the reserve appendix.

COVID-19 recovery reserve	£200,000
Pay award reserve	£200,000
Vehicle replacement reserve	£200,000
Digital team	£200,000
Climate change reserve	£100,000
Service review reserve	£130,000
IT replacement fund	£100,000
Immediate support to Development Management	£120,000
Garden Town communications officer	£35,000

3.8 Of the net increase in reserves of £14.4m, £645,913 can be attributed to an increase in the Planning Obligations Reserve which is funded by developer contributions. Large sums have been received for commitments such as affordable housing, community centres and sports facilities.

3.9 Where significant movements in other reserves have occurred during the year, a note in Appendix B has been included to explain the reason for the movement.

4.0 CAPITAL PROGRAMME

4.1 The Council has committed to a substantial capital programme in the last few years and this is highlighted in the level of planned capital expenditure for 2020/21, totalling £26m. The bulk of the planned expenditure was the expected purchase of a further two investment properties (£21.6m), infrastructure projects such as Ashchurch Bridge (£2.9m), replacement vehicles and equipment (£0.75m) and disabled facilities grants (£0.5m).

4.2 The actual delivery of the capital programme saw the acquisition of two new investment properties in 2020, totalling £19.7m. This was £1.9m less than the budgeted amount of £21.6m.

4.3 In addition, within Council Land and Buildings, a total of £792,334 was spent on the new infrastructure project, Ashchurch Bridge, all of which is funded by Homes England. Again, this was significantly less than the original budget expectations. This means that despite spending £20.5m on land and buildings, the capital programme reports an underspend of £4m against this heading.

4.4 A total of £233,276 was spent during the year on vehicles and equipment. This included the purchase of a couple of new mowers for our grounds maintenance operation, the purchase of waste and recycling bins and the purchase of IT hardware. This is a significant underspend against budgeted expectations (70.8%) as a result of the expected replacement of the grounds maintenance fleet being delayed until the new financial year.

- 4.5** An underspend of 100% is reported against the remaining capital balances from the community grants programme as no further drawn downs on existing balances took place. The balance of £57,700 from Wormington Village Hall was formally reallocated during the year and new community bids for the pot of money are currently being assessed.
- 4.6** A small underspend against forecast levels was delivered from the Council's disabled facilities grants programme. All expenditure is covered by capital grant funding from the government which is administered by the County Council. Tewkesbury's allocation for the year was £500,000 and so the total expenditure incurred of £424,928 was met from this.
- 4.7** As well as the grant income received for disabled facilities grants, capital receipts were received for Right-to-Buy sales on the housing stock previously owned by Tewkesbury Borough Council and for the sale of the former garage site in Winchcombe. The capital grant monies drawn down for Ashchurch Bridge is also shown within the capital statement before its transfer to revenue.
- 4.8** The summarised capital programme is shown in Appendix C together with the sources of finance used. In summary, the Council expended £21.2m on capital projects in 2020/21 utilising £233,276 of capital reserves, £1,219,526 of capital grants and £19,740,309 of borrowing. Following the allocation of capital receipts, the balance on capital reserves, both receipts and grants, has increased to £1.195m as at 31 March 2021.

5.0 TREASURY MANAGEMENT

- 5.1** Treasury management in local government is governed by the CIPFA Code of Practice on Treasury Management in the Public Services. This Council has adopted the code and complies with its requirements, one of which is the receipt by Members of an Annual Review Report after the financial year end.
- 5.2** The detailed treasury report is attached at Appendix D. The report details the economic environment, local performance and a number of prudential indicators.
- 5.3** The prudential indicators have been monitored regularly and there were no deviations from these indicators arising during the year. The in-year performance of treasury investments resulted in an average return of 2.46% and total income of £552,712. In addition, the Council had an in-year gain from the capital growth of its pooled funds totalling £574,000, recovering much of the loss experienced at the outset of the COVID-19 pandemic.
- 5.4** Given the lack of available investment opportunities, the Council temporarily invested in short-dated, liquid instruments such as call accounts and money market funds. Total short-term investments at 31 March 2020 was £33.2m, reducing to £10m at the end of this financial year. The average income return across all investments has increased by 1.02% to 2.46%. Whilst capital values of these investments have deteriorated as a result of the impact of COVID-19, the Council holds these investments for the long term and expects capital levels to return to normal levels in the medium term.
- 5.5** The Council began the financial year holding £44.84m of loans, in order to part-fund the investment in commercial property and ensure liquidity during the early months of the COVID-19 pandemic. The Council has adopted a balanced borrowing strategy between the financial benefit of short-term borrowing and the cost certainty over the long term. This has resulted in the total borrowing cost being kept to a minimum with actual cost totalling £552,461 and representing an average cost of 1.54%. At 31 March 2021 the authority held £39.4m of loans, a decrease of £5.44m since 31 March 2020.

6.0 CONSULTATION

6.1 Budget holders have been consulted about the budget outturn for their service areas. The feedback has been incorporated in the report to explain differences between budgets and actual income and expenditure.

7.0 RELEVANT COUNCIL POLICIES/STRATEGIES

7.1 Treasury Management Strategy approved at Council on 8 January 2020
Medium Term Financial Strategy approved at Council on 8 January 2020.

8.0 RELEVANT GOVERNMENT POLICIES

8.1 None

9.0 RESOURCE IMPLICATIONS (Human/Property)

9.1 As detailed within the report and appendices.

10.0 SUSTAINABILITY IMPLICATIONS (Social/Community Safety/Cultural/ Economic/ Environment)

10.1 None

11.0 IMPACT UPON (Value For Money/Equalities/E-Government/Human Rights/Health And Safety)

11.1 None

12.0 RELATED DECISIONS AND ANY OTHER RELEVANT FACTS

12.1 Approval of Treasury Management Strategy 2020/21 – Council 8th January 2020
Approval of Budget 2020/21 – Council 5th February 2020

Background Papers: Treasury Management Strategy
Budget 2020/21

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Appendices: Appendix A – Revenue outturn by Group
Appendix B – Earmarked reserves and carry forwards
Appendix C – Capital Outturn 2020/21
Appendix D – Annual Treasury Management report

General Fund Outturn by Group 2020/2021

	Budget	Actual	Savings / (Deficit)	Notes
Chief Executive				
Employees	£260,900	£223,829	£37,071	
Premises	£0	£0	£0	
Transport	£0	£0	£0	
Supplies & Services	£8,160	£176	£7,984	
Payments to Third Parties	£0	£0	£0	
Income	£0	£0	£0	
TOTAL	£269,060	£224,005	£45,055	

	Budget	Actual	Savings / (Deficit)	Notes
Community				
Employees	£1,329,424	£1,339,069	-£9,645	
Premises	£0	£0	£0	
Transport	£900	£89	£811	
Supplies & Services	£151,319	£175,702	-£24,383	
Payments to Third Parties	£5,072,113	£5,095,662	-£23,549	
COVID-19 Costs	£0	£250,651	-£250,651	1
Income	-£2,241,962	-£2,933,392	£691,430	2
TOTAL	£4,311,794	£3,927,781	£384,013	

1) £115k of additional Ubico costs due to additional staff, vehicles, PPE and cleaning products in order to be COVID secure. £100k of agency costs for the Environmental Health department to manage the increased workload purely due to COVID. £16k of emergency accommodation costs for COVID homeless placements and £10k of costs to assist with the recovery plan.

2) Additional income received that was not within budget including £250k grant for COVID compliance and £170k for Homelessness. The remaining additional income was across various services where income generated was greater than budget.

	Budget	Actual	Savings / (Deficit)	Notes
Corporate Services				
Employees	£2,068,927	£1,908,622	£160,305	3
Premises	£0	£0	£0	
Transport	£0	£0	£0	
Supplies & Services	£557,089	£513,877	£43,212	4
Payments to Third Parties	£83,800	£55,380	£28,420	
Transfer Payments - Benefits Service	-£69,796	-£98,047	£28,251	
COVID-19 Costs	£0	£285,909	-£285,909	5
Income	-£450,406	-£465,074	£14,668	
TOTAL	£2,189,614	£2,200,667	-£11,053	

3) The majority of the savings relates to vacant posts within Revenues & Benefits. The overtime and backfill for this team is currently coded against COVID. There are also savings within the Business Transformation Team as the team did not become operational until midway through the financial year and also from the apprenticeship scheme which was suspended for the financial year.

4) The bulk of the savings was due to emergency equipment coming from the COVID budget for laptops and other essential equipment rather than the core ICT budget.

5) The majority of the expenditure relates to salary and agency costs within the Revenues & Benefits team plus £37k ICT costs.

	Budget	Actual	Savings / (Deficit)	Notes
Democratic Services				
Employees	£273,305	£237,592	£35,713	
Premises	£0	£0	£0	
Transport	£11,500	£92	£11,408	
Supplies & Services	£456,419	£458,316	-£1,897	
Payments to Third Parties	£37,600	£14,641	£22,959	
COVID-19 Costs	£0	£2,017	-£2,017	
Income	-£2,000	-£52,637	£50,637	6
TOTAL	£776,824	£660,021	£116,803	

6) Government grants were received in year for Elections that took place during the 2019/20 financial year.

Deputy Chief Executive	Budget	Actual	Savings / (Deficit)
Employees	£124,939	£96,254	£28,685
Premises	£0	£0	£0
Transport	£200	£0	£200
Supplies & Services	£2,400	£124	£2,276
Payments to Third Parties	£20,000	£0	£20,000
Income	£0	£0	£0
TOTAL	£147,539	£96,378	£51,161

Development Services	Budget	Actual	Savings / (Deficit)
Employees	£1,949,357	£1,857,327	£92,030
Premises	£45,356	£43,254	£2,102
Transport	£0	£826	-£826
Supplies & Services	£219,175	£197,470	£21,705
Payments to Third Parties	£216,045	£405,989	-£189,944
COVID-19 Costs	£0	£53,115	-£53,115
Projects Funded Externally	£61,591	-£910,634	£972,225
Income	-£1,443,931	-£1,718,037	£274,106
TOTAL	£1,047,593	-£70,690	£1,118,283

7) There were a couple of vacant posts within Development Control. Recruitment was attempted on these posts but this was unsuccessful. Agency staff were appointed as additional resources but an overall saving was still made.

8) A number of provisions were raised, at year end, for planning appeals lodged in the financial year. It is anticipated that these appeals will need specialist legal representation.

9) Local Community Groups were given grants of up to £1,000 in order to help them during the pandemic. This was funded jointly by Gloucestershire County Council and Tewkesbury Borough Council.

10) The total represents the balance remaining across the Garden Communities project and the Joint Core Strategy after taking into account all income and expenditure in 2020/21. This will be added to the relevant earmarked reserves.

11) Planning income had a surplus of £115k at year end. A large application resulted in a receipt of £138,416.67 in the last few days of March.

In addition, a Community Development grant was received in year from NHS Gloucestershire for district strategies to achieve Integrated Locality Partnership (ILP) objectives.

Finance and Asset Management	Budget	Actual	Savings / (Deficit)
Employees	£2,584,888	£2,568,750	£16,138
Premises	£569,065	£555,340	£13,725
Transport	£55,870	£27,662	£28,208
Supplies & Services	£501,036	£572,382	-£71,346
Payments to Third Parties	£363,558	£377,362	-£13,804
Precept	£6,500	£6,876	-£376
COVID-19 Costs		£477,840	-£477,840
Income	-£1,425,401	-£1,862,331	£436,930
TOTAL	£2,655,516	£2,723,881	-£68,365

12) The overspend is all offset against the COVID and flood grants received in the year (£100k). There is a £29k saving on supplies and services

13) The overspend is made up of a £442k management fee paid for the Leisure Centre and additional staff costs for cleaning of £30k.

14) A Government grant was received of £171k for the Leisure Centre, to offset some of the £442k of the management fee paid in 2020/21. Only £75k of this grant was apportioned to 2020/21, the remaining £96k is being held in reserve for 2021/22. Another Government grant of £304k was received for Climate Change . Normal income streams had a £38k overall loss.

One Legal	Budget	Actual	Savings / (Deficit)
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Employees	£1,951,713	£1,696,682	£255,031	
Premises	£0	£0	£0	
Transport	£18,160	£6,400	£11,760	
Supplies & Services	£95,686	£79,788	£15,898	
Payments to Third Parties	£10,460	£27,084	-£16,624	
Income	-£1,757,648	-£1,580,525	-£177,123	15
TOTAL	£318,371	£229,429	£88,942	

15) Included in the income figures is a claim for loss of fees and charges due to COVID-19 of £69k as the pandemic prevented the service from achieving their budget for third party work. All fees and charges income was under budget due to the pandemic however this was mitigated (in part) by staff vacancies, hence the variances on both lines. Stroud DC joined One Legal in October 2020 and paid a fixed amount for One Legal to provide their service for the 6 months to 31 March 2021 and this was kept separate from the original 3 way partnership between ourselves, Cheltenham BC and Gloucester City Council.

Service Summary	Budget	Actual	Savings / (Deficit)	
Employees	£10,543,453	£9,928,124	£615,329	
Premises	£614,421	£598,593	£15,828	
Transport	£86,630	£35,069	£51,561	
Supplies & Services	£1,991,284	£1,997,835	-£6,551	
Payments to Third Parties	£5,810,076	£5,982,995	-£172,919	
Transfer Payments - Benefits Service	-£69,796	-£98,047	£28,251	
COVID-19 Costs	£0	£1,069,443	-£1,069,443	
Projects Funded Externally	£61,591	-£910,634	£972,225	
Income	-£7,321,348	-£8,611,996	£1,290,648	
	£11,716,311	£9,991,383	£1,724,928	

Corporate Codes

Treasury activity	£11,700	-£251	£11,951	
Commercial activity	-£2,713,904	-£2,870,978	£157,074	16
New Homes Bonus	-£3,762,756	-£3,762,756	£0	
Business Rates Income Budget	-£2,585,070	-£3,372,918	£787,848	17
Business Rates COVID-19 Reliefs	£0	-£4,938,381	£4,938,381	17
Business Rates 2019/20 Surplus	£0	-£3,524,341	£3,524,341	17
Council Tax	-£82,200	-£369,244	£287,044	18
Reserves	£1,263,185	£0	£1,263,185	19
COVID-19 Grants	£0	-£2,177,703	£2,177,703	20
Other adjustments	-£3,847,266	-£3,408,077	-£439,189	
	-£11,716,311	-£24,424,649	£12,708,338	

16) A target of £326k, for new commercial income, was set in the 2020/21 budget. Two new properties were purchased during the year resulting in excess gross rental income.

17) The total surplus on Business rates in £9m. However only £705k is an actual gain on budget. There is a £3.5m one off surplus gain from 2019/20 being realised. Business Rates surplus' and deficit's are always resailed the following year in which they occur. We also had income of £5m from the central Government in advance of the expanded retail and nursery relief given to support businesses during COVID. This will need to be carried in reserve in order to pay for the 2020/21 deficit on Business Rates, that will be realised in 2021/22

18) £123k of the gains on Council Tax is the remaining Council Tax Hardship fund that had not been spent in year. This scheme allowed us to give additional relief off Council Tax for those most impacted by the pandemic. The remainder is being held in relief for further support next financial year. There is also a £127k in compensation on losses, granted by Central Government.

19) The 2020/21 budget was set with the support of £1.26m of reserves. Income and expenditure has differed from budget, as a result of COVID-19.

20) Government grants were allocated in year to support local authorities with coronavirus related spending pressures.

Net total	£0	-£14,433,266	£14,433,266	
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Council Revenue Reserves for 21/22

Reserve	Balance	Net Movement	Balance	Net Movement	Balance	Note
	31st March 2019	2019/20	31st March 2020	2020/21	31st March 2021	
Asset Management Reserve	1,003,731.21	144,932.44	1,148,663.65	173,707.50	1,322,371.15	Planned contribution to commercial properties reserve
Borough Growth Reserve	930,609.81	339,556.52	1,270,166.33	-641,875.73	628,290.60	The Garden Town monies have now been moved to a new reserve
Borough Regeneration Reserve	201,537.30	-112,478.50	89,058.80	-7,400.00	81,658.80	
Business Rates Reserve	500,000.00	0.00	500,000.00	0.00	500,000.00	
Business Support Reserve	167,339.10	-42,021.65	125,317.45	879,010.40	1,004,327.85	Internal and external funding added to support business with the impact of COVID-19
Business Transformation Reserve	659,336.84	-41,317.87	618,018.97	381,092.46	999,111.43	An increase in the reserve to support digitalisation and service reviews.
Carbon Reduction Reserve	0.00	0.00	0.00	404,200.00	404,200.00	Internal and external funding to support carbon reduction objectives
Community Support Reserve	80,056.59	19,260.00	99,316.59	784,258.31	883,574.90	Internal and external funding added to support the community with the impact of COVID-19
Council Tax Reserve	0.00	0.00	0.00	251,390.65	251,390.65	Hardship balance plus compensation for tax losses
Development Management Reserve	254,686.55	-74,536.55	180,150.00	305,000.00	485,150.00	Increased funding to support immediate service pressure and appeals
Development Policy Reserve	565,436.42	-300,501.31	264,935.11	645,932.14	910,867.25	An Increase in the JCS fund held on behalf of the partnership and an additional commitment toward JCS from TBC
Elections Reserve	85,348.16	-44,500.00	40,848.16	150,000.00	190,848.16	Reserve set aside to fund the 2023 Borough Elections
Flood Support and Protection Reserve	10,196.22	-550.00	9,646.22	0.00	9,646.22	
Garden Town Reserve	0.00	0.00	0.00	1,202,357.79	1,202,357.79	A specific Garden Town reserve has been created
Health & Leisure Development Reserve	1,989.03	-100.00	1,889.03	98,653.91	100,542.94	External grant funding to support the re-opening of the leisure centre
Housing & Homeless Reserve	522,841.66	85,752.20	608,593.86	-65,794.91	542,798.95	
Information Technology Reserve	109,500.00	695.49	110,195.49	121,207.92	231,403.41	Additional monies set aside to support IT investment requirements
Insurance Reserve	0.00	50,000.00	50,000.00	10,000.00	60,000.00	
Investment Reserve	0.00	0.00	0.00	350,000.00	350,000.00	A reserve held specifically for the revenue impact from potential land purchase
MTFS Equalisation Reserve	1,000,000.00	-1,000,000.00	0.00	2,781,207.25	2,781,207.25	MTFS reserve replenished in 20/21 through the release of business rates surplus
Open Spaces Reserve	678,720.40	197,461.73	876,182.13	-138,608.48	737,573.65	
Organisational Development Reserve	145,572.00	-30,415.75	115,156.25	-11,566.12	103,590.13	
Risk Management Reserve	5,000.00	5,000.00	10,000.00	250,000.00	260,000.00	Additional reserve to cover the risk of a pay award being agreed for April 2021
Transport Initiatives Reserves	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Vehicle Replacement Reserve	1,000,000.00	139,954.62	1,139,954.62	853,045.38	1,993,000.00	Planned contribution plus addition to monies to cover potential shortfall in funding
Waste & Recycling development Reserve	90,835.00	-20,835.00	70,000.00	89,807.85	159,807.85	
Horsford Reserve	60,455.13	9,701.74	70,156.87	4,886.55	75,043.42	
Mayors Charity Reserve	6,238.25	-848.54	5,389.71	-51.29	5,338.42	
Planning Obligations Reserve	5,808,354.99	3,165,974.57	8,974,329.56	645,912.63	9,620,242.19	Net increase in contributions from section 106 agreements.
General Fund Working Balance	800,000.00	0.00	800,000.00	0.00	800,000.00	
Business Rates COVID-19 Reserve	0.00	0.00	0.00	4,916,891.00	4,916,891.00	Expanded retail and nursery relief, paid in advance by Central Government, held in a reserve to pay for 21/22 deficit.
Totals	14,687,784.66	2,490,184.14	17,177,968.80	14,433,265.21	31,611,234.01	